



# **Target Market Determination**

### **COOLABAH LONG-SHORT OPPORTUNITIES FUND – ASSISTED INVESTOR CLASS**

#### INTRODUCTION

This Target Market Determination (**TMD**) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is not a product disclosure statement (**PDS**) and is **not** a complete summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the PDS for the product before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions at the end of this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by accessing https://www.eqt.com.au/insto/.

Target Market Summary
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#### FUND AND ISSUER IDENTIFIERS

lssuer	Equity Trustees Limited	ISIN Code	AU60ETL68813
Issuer ABN	46 004 031 298	Market Identifier Code	
Issuer AFSL	240975	Product Exchange code	
Fund manager	Coolabah Capital Investments (Retail) Pty Limited	TMD issue date	16.07.2024
TMD contact details	DDOCompliance@eqt.com.au	TMD Version	3
Fund name	Coolabah Long-Short Opportunities Fund – Assisted Investor Class	Distribution status of fund	Available / Current
ARSN	656 965 481		
APIR Code	ETL6881AU		

# **DESCRIPTION OF TARGET MARKET**

## TMD INDICATOR KEY

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red/amber/green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market	See issuer instructions	Not in target market

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

#### **APPROPRIATENESS**

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table below are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

## INVESTMENT PRODUCTS AND DIVERSIFICATION

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of *minor allocation*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a *High* risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that *minor allocation* notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).



The FSC has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this *portfolio view* for diversification, available on the FSC website. This guidance only applies where a product is held as part of a diversified portfolio.

Consumer Attributes	TMD Indicator	Product description including key attributes
Consumer's investment objective		
Capital Growth	In target market	The Fund offers an actively managed fixed income strategy focused on exploiting long and short mispricings in government and corporate bonds (debt securities), hybrid securities and bank equities.
Capital Preservation	Not in target market	It offers a floating interest-rate exposure resulting in low or near-zero interest rate risk. The Fund is likely to be suitable for investor seeking regular income.
Income Distribution	In target market	The Fund's investment objective is to outperform the Reserve Bank of Australia's (RBA's) overnight cash rate by 8.0% per annum after fees and expenses, over rolling 3-year periods.
Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)		
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	Not in target market	The Fund typically invests bonds, such as government and semi-government bonds, bank and corporate bonds, asset-backed securities, including residential-mortgage-backed securities, hybrid
Major allocation (up to 75%)	Not in target market	securities, listed common equity and loans to or notes issued by warehouse securitisation providers issued in Australian dollars or in G10 Currencies hedged to Australian dollars, as well as cash and
Core component (up to 50%)	In target market	cash equivalents. The Fund may also invest in a range of derivatives and repurchase agreements. The Fund expects to be mainly invested in floating-rate securities and/or fixed rate securities that have
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	In target market	their interest rate risk hedged. The Fund may use leverage through its use of borrowing, repurchase agreements, derivatives and as
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	In target market	a result of any short selling it undertakes. The Fund would typically be considered to have a Medium level of portfolio diversification.
Consumer's investment timeframe		
Minimum investment timeframe	3	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding investments in the Fund is 3 years.
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile		
Low	Not in target market	
Medium	In target market	The Fund has a risk band of 4. This Fund is considered to be medium risk. It would likely be suitable
High	In target market	for investors who have a moderate to very high risk appetite, seek moderate volatility and potential
Very high	Not in target market	losses in order to achieve the target returns and typically prefer defensive assets.
Extremely high	Not in target market	
Consumer's need to access capital		

Within one week of request	In target market	
Within one month of request	In target market	
Within three months of request	In target market	Investors can submit an application to withdraw their investment before 3pm on any Business Day in
Within one year of request	In target market	Sydney. Funds will generally be available within 3 Business Days of acceptance of a withdrawal request.
Within 5 years of request	In target market	However the Issuer has discretion to make payment up to 180 days following acceptance of a request.
Within 10 years of request	In target market	
10 years or more	In target market	
At issuer discretion	Not in target market	Not applicable.

<b>Distribution conditions/ restri</b>	rictions
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Distribution conditions	Distribution condition rationale	Distributors this condition applies to
Suitable for direct application by retail investors. Retail investors who apply directly via the unit registry must complete consumer attribute questions contained within the application form to identify the purpose of their investment. Suitable for retail distribution through investment, super or wrap platforms, and investor directed portfolio service (IDPS) or IDPS-like scheme or other trading platform. Suitable for retail distribution through dealing if distributor is reasonably satisfied that distribution is necessary to implement personal advice given to the consumer.	This distribution condition will make it likely that the issuer can identify if the product is being effectively distributed within the target market, and assess if a significant dealing event has occurred. The Issuer of each platform product has its own obligations as a distributor to take reasonable steps that will or are reasonably likely to result in retail product distribution conduct being consistent with this TMD. The Issuer considers that the distribution condition will make it likely that consumers who acquire the product will be in the target market for the product, or the product will otherwise be appropriate for them.	All distributors

#### **Review triggers**

Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.

Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.

Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing.

Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

Mandatory TMD review periods		
Review Period	Maximum period for review	
Initial Review	15 months	
Subsequent review	15 months	
Distributor reporting requirements		
Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.	All distributors

Significant dealing outside of target market, under section 994F(6) of the Act.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days	All distributors
See Definitions for further detail.	after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.	

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the issuer. Distributors must report to the Issuer using the method specified on this website: www.eqt.com.au/DDOreporting. Distributors must report to the Issuer by contacting DDOCompliance@eqt.com.au.

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# **Definitions**

Term	Definition
Consumer's investment objective	
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to generate capital return over the investment timeframe. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimise capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
Consumer's intended product use	e (% of Investable Assets)
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total <i>investable assets.</i> The consumer is likely to seek a product with very high portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least high portfolio diversification.
Core Component (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total <i>investable assets</i> The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>medium</i> portfolio diversification.
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least low portfolio diversification.
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer may seek a product with very <i>low</i> portfolio diversification. Products classified as <i>extremely high</i> risk are likely to meet this category only.
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.
	leting the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use) I-like instruments may sit outside the diversification framework below.
Very low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, a single major commodity (e.g. gold) or equities from a single emerging market economy).
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income securities or global natural resources).

Term	Definition
High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in multiple broad asset classes, sectors or geographic markets (for example, global equities).
Very high	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors <u>and</u> geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.
Consumer's intended in	nvestment timeframe
Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.
Consumer's Risk (abilit	ty to bear loss) and Return profile
estimates the likely numb positive return, liquidity o	tandard Risk Measure (SRM) as an input to the assessment of the risk and return profile of the product, but may not necessarily be the only input used. The SRM ber of negative annual returns for a product over a 20 year period. The SRM may be supplemented by other risk factors, such as the potential size of a negative or r withdrawal limitations, underlying investments with valuation risks or risks of capital loss, the use of leverage or short selling, or otherwise may have complex structures. aduct return profile will generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.
Low	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	<ul> <li>has a conservative or low risk appetite,</li> <li>seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and</li> <li>is comfortable with a low target return profile.</li> <li>The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).</li> </ul>
Medium	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	<ul> <li>has a moderate or medium risk appetite,</li> <li>seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and</li> <li>is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.</li> <li>The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).</li> </ul>
High	<ul> <li>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</li> <li>has a high risk appetite,</li> <li>can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and</li> <li>seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> <li>The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).</li> </ul>
Very high	<ul> <li>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</li> <li>has a very high risk appetite,</li> <li>can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and</li> <li>seeks very high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> <li>The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).</li> </ul>

	Definition
Extremely high	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	<ul> <li>has an extremely high risk appetite,</li> <li>can accept extremely high volatility and potential losses (eg. has the ability to hear more than 7 negative returns over a 20 year period), and</li> <li>seeks to maximise returns (potentially in a short timeframe).</li> <li>The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).</li> </ul>
Consumer's need to access	s capital
proceeds from this request up proceeds of such a request. taken into consideration in all platforms take to process req	esses the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of nder ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequency for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be igning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time uests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of d likely realisable value on market should be considered, including in times of market stress.
Distributor Reporting	
Significant dealings	Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning. The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC.
	Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:
	<ul> <li>they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or</li> <li>they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).</li> </ul>
	In each case, the distributor should have regard to:
	<ul> <li>the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),</li> <li>the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and</li> <li>the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red and/or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).</li> </ul>
	Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:
	• it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,